

Monoclinic modification of *N*-benzylpropan-2-aminium chloride

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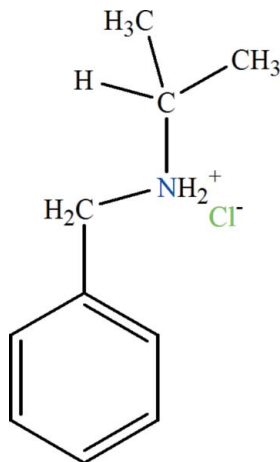
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 120$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$ Å; R factor = 0.048; wR factor = 0.102; data-to-parameter ratio = 27.1.

In the title salt, $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}^+\cdot\text{Cl}^-$, the cations and anions are linked by two $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{Cl}$ hydrogen bonds, forming a centrosymmetric tetramer.

Related literature

For the orthorhombic modification, see: Pourayoubi & Negari (2010).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}^+\cdot\text{Cl}^-$
 $M_r = 185.69$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 9.9566$ (7) Å
 $b = 15.5072$ (10) Å
 $c = 7.2179$ (5) Å
 $\beta = 111.112$ (1)°

$V = 1039.63$ (12) Å³
 $Z = 4$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.32$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 120$ K
 $0.26 \times 0.26 \times 0.11$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART 1000 CCD area-detector diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 1998)
 $T_{\min} = 0.922$, $T_{\max} = 0.966$

15855 measured reflections
3008 independent reflections
2303 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.032$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.048$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.102$
 $S = 1.00$
3008 reflections

111 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.67$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.26$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{N1}-\text{H1NA}\cdots\text{Cl1}^{\dagger}$	0.90	2.25	3.1517 (14)	176
$\text{N1}-\text{H1NB}\cdots\text{Cl1}$	0.90	2.32	3.2099 (14)	170

Symmetry code: (i) $-x, -y + 1, -z + 2$.

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 1998); cell refinement: SAINT-Plus (Bruker, 1998); data reduction: SAINT-Plus; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: NG2758).

References

- Bruker (1998). SMART, SAINT-Plus and SADABS. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
Pourayoubi, M. & Negari, M. (2010). *Acta Cryst.* **E66**, o708.
Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.

supplementary materials

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Comment

In the previous work, the structure determination of orthorhombic polymorph of *N*-benzylpropan-2-aminium chloride (Pourayoubi & Negari, 2010) has been investigated; we report here on the crystal structure of title compound (Fig. 1), a monoclinic polymorph of this salt. The cations and anions are linked together *via* two different N—H \cdots Cl hydrogen bonds to form a centrosymmetric tetramer, in which two Cl⁻ anions act as a bridge between two C₁₀H₁₆N⁺ cations. The previously reported structure contains an extended zigzag chain arrangement of cations and anions *via* two different N—H \cdots Cl hydrogen bonds.

Experimental

The title compound is a by-product of the preparation of P(O)[OC₆H₅][N(CH₂C₆H₅)(CH(CH₃)₂)]Cl [from the reaction between P(O)[OC₆H₅]₂ and NH(CH₂C₆H₅)(CH(CH₃)₂), with 1:2 mole ratio] in CCl₄.

Refinement

All hydrogen atoms were calculated from geometrical point of view with exception of H1NA and H1NB, which were located from difference Fourier maps. The H atoms were refined in isotropic approximation in riding model with the Uiso(H) parameters equal to 1.2 Ueq(C,N), 1.5 Ueq(C-methyl), where U(C,N) are respectively the equivalent thermal parameters of the carbon and oxygen atoms to which corresponding H atoms are bonded.

Figures

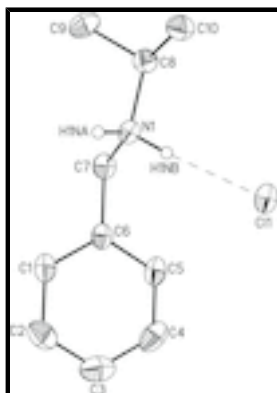


Fig. 1. A general view of the title salt, showing the atom-numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50 % probability level. N(1)—H(1NB) \cdots Cl(1) bond is shown by dash line.

N-benzylpropan-2-amium chloride

Crystal data

$C_{10}H_{16}N^+Cl^-$	$F(000) = 400$
$M_r = 185.69$	$D_x = 1.186 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc	Cell parameters from 5439 reflections
$a = 9.9566 (7) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 2.2\text{--}29.9^\circ$
$b = 15.5072 (10) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.32 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 7.2179 (5) \text{ \AA}$	$T = 120 \text{ K}$
$\beta = 111.112 (1)^\circ$	Prism, colorless
$V = 1039.63 (12) \text{ \AA}^3$	$0.26 \times 0.26 \times 0.11 \text{ mm}$
$Z = 4$	

Data collection

Bruker SMART 1000 CCD area-detector diffractometer	3008 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube graphite	2303 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
φ and ω scans	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.032$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 1998)	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 30.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.2^\circ$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.922$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.966$	$h = -13 \rightarrow 14$
15855 measured reflections	$k = -21 \rightarrow 21$
	$l = -10 \rightarrow 10$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.048$	Hydrogen site location: mixed
$wR(F^2) = 0.102$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.00$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.022P)^2 + 1.240P]$
3008 reflections	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
111 parameters	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.67 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.26 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cl1	0.07253 (4)	0.60195 (3)	0.78749 (6)	0.02540 (11)
N1	-0.05680 (14)	0.41218 (8)	0.7852 (2)	0.0203 (3)
H1NA	-0.0578	0.4057	0.9086	0.024*
H1NB	-0.0137	0.4624	0.7773	0.024*
C1	0.2525 (2)	0.30399 (11)	1.0254 (3)	0.0290 (4)
H1A	0.1971	0.2680	1.0768	0.035*
C2	0.4001 (2)	0.31060 (13)	1.1261 (3)	0.0373 (4)
H2A	0.4450	0.2790	1.2453	0.045*
C3	0.4816 (2)	0.36310 (13)	1.0528 (3)	0.0393 (5)
H3A	0.5825	0.3680	1.1216	0.047*
C4	0.4152 (2)	0.40859 (12)	0.8782 (3)	0.0363 (4)
H4A	0.4709	0.4445	0.8270	0.044*
C5	0.2677 (2)	0.40188 (11)	0.7779 (3)	0.0280 (4)
H5A	0.2230	0.4334	0.6587	0.034*
C6	0.18499 (18)	0.34934 (10)	0.8506 (2)	0.0219 (3)
C7	0.02639 (18)	0.34037 (10)	0.7393 (3)	0.0243 (3)
H7A	0.0075	0.3398	0.5949	0.029*
H7B	-0.0069	0.2847	0.7744	0.029*
C8	-0.21251 (18)	0.41694 (11)	0.6481 (2)	0.0243 (3)
H8A	-0.2164	0.4219	0.5081	0.029*
C9	-0.2914 (2)	0.33546 (12)	0.6674 (3)	0.0340 (4)
H9A	-0.2479	0.2855	0.6276	0.051*
H9B	-0.3929	0.3399	0.5814	0.051*
H9C	-0.2841	0.3285	0.8056	0.051*
C10	-0.27797 (18)	0.49771 (12)	0.7003 (3)	0.0283 (4)
H10A	-0.2211	0.5481	0.6919	0.042*
H10B	-0.2779	0.4926	0.8357	0.042*
H10C	-0.3771	0.5045	0.6070	0.042*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cl1	0.0337 (2)	0.02088 (18)	0.0252 (2)	-0.00177 (15)	0.01491 (16)	0.00074 (15)
N1	0.0230 (6)	0.0190 (6)	0.0207 (6)	-0.0021 (5)	0.0101 (5)	-0.0017 (5)
C1	0.0358 (9)	0.0237 (8)	0.0296 (9)	0.0017 (7)	0.0144 (7)	0.0058 (7)
C2	0.0380 (10)	0.0320 (10)	0.0354 (10)	0.0086 (8)	0.0053 (8)	0.0012 (8)
C3	0.0274 (9)	0.0318 (10)	0.0553 (13)	0.0026 (7)	0.0109 (9)	-0.0149 (9)
C4	0.0374 (10)	0.0273 (9)	0.0550 (12)	-0.0049 (7)	0.0298 (9)	-0.0060 (8)
C5	0.0385 (9)	0.0208 (8)	0.0309 (9)	0.0011 (7)	0.0201 (8)	0.0013 (7)

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C6	0.0293 (8)	0.0153 (7)	0.0245 (8)	0.0024 (6)	0.0139 (6)	-0.0011 (6)
C7	0.0305 (8)	0.0173 (7)	0.0264 (8)	0.0015 (6)	0.0120 (7)	-0.0031 (6)
C8	0.0237 (8)	0.0273 (8)	0.0213 (7)	-0.0013 (6)	0.0075 (6)	-0.0016 (6)
C9	0.0286 (9)	0.0344 (10)	0.0395 (10)	-0.0109 (7)	0.0130 (8)	-0.0092 (8)
C10	0.0236 (8)	0.0308 (9)	0.0308 (9)	0.0034 (6)	0.0102 (7)	0.0013 (7)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

N1—C7	1.495 (2)	C5—H5A	0.9500
N1—C8	1.511 (2)	C6—C7	1.498 (2)
N1—H1NA	0.8999	C7—H7A	0.9900
N1—H1NB	0.9001	C7—H7B	0.9900
C1—C6	1.388 (2)	C8—C9	1.520 (2)
C1—C2	1.388 (3)	C8—C10	1.521 (2)
C1—H1A	0.9500	C8—H8A	1.0000
C2—C3	1.382 (3)	C9—H9A	0.9800
C2—H2A	0.9500	C9—H9B	0.9800
C3—C4	1.387 (3)	C9—H9C	0.9800
C3—H3A	0.9500	C10—H10A	0.9800
C4—C5	1.387 (3)	C10—H10B	0.9800
C4—H4A	0.9500	C10—H10C	0.9800
C5—C6	1.389 (2)		
C7—N1—C8	114.28 (12)	N1—C7—C6	111.92 (13)
C7—N1—H1NA	110.0	N1—C7—H7A	109.2
C8—N1—H1NA	106.2	C6—C7—H7A	109.2
C7—N1—H1NB	108.4	N1—C7—H7B	109.2
C8—N1—H1NB	108.4	C6—C7—H7B	109.2
H1NA—N1—H1NB	109.5	H7A—C7—H7B	107.9
C6—C1—C2	120.88 (17)	N1—C8—C9	109.96 (14)
C6—C1—H1A	119.6	N1—C8—C10	107.96 (13)
C2—C1—H1A	119.6	C9—C8—C10	112.36 (14)
C3—C2—C1	119.97 (18)	N1—C8—H8A	108.8
C3—C2—H2A	120.0	C9—C8—H8A	108.8
C1—C2—H2A	120.0	C10—C8—H8A	108.8
C2—C3—C4	119.60 (18)	C8—C9—H9A	109.5
C2—C3—H3A	120.2	C8—C9—H9B	109.5
C4—C3—H3A	120.2	H9A—C9—H9B	109.5
C3—C4—C5	120.29 (18)	C8—C9—H9C	109.5
C3—C4—H4A	119.9	H9A—C9—H9C	109.5
C5—C4—H4A	119.9	H9B—C9—H9C	109.5
C4—C5—C6	120.49 (17)	C8—C10—H10A	109.5
C4—C5—H5A	119.8	C8—C10—H10B	109.5
C6—C5—H5A	119.8	H10A—C10—H10B	109.5
C1—C6—C5	118.77 (16)	C8—C10—H10C	109.5
C1—C6—C7	120.82 (15)	H10A—C10—H10C	109.5
C5—C6—C7	120.39 (15)	H10B—C10—H10C	109.5
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.2 (3)	C4—C5—C6—C7	-178.39 (15)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.3 (3)	C8—N1—C7—C6	168.23 (13)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.3 (3)	C1—C6—C7—N1	97.96 (18)

C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.3 (3)	C5—C6—C7—N1	-83.50 (18)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-0.2 (3)	C7—N1—C8—C9	62.65 (17)
C2—C1—C6—C7	178.39 (16)	C7—N1—C8—C10	-174.45 (13)
C4—C5—C6—C1	0.2 (2)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
N1—H1NA \cdots C11 ⁱ	0.90	2.25	3.1517 (14)	176
N1—H1NB \cdots C11	0.90	2.32	3.2099 (14)	170

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, -y+1, -z+2$.

Fig. 1

